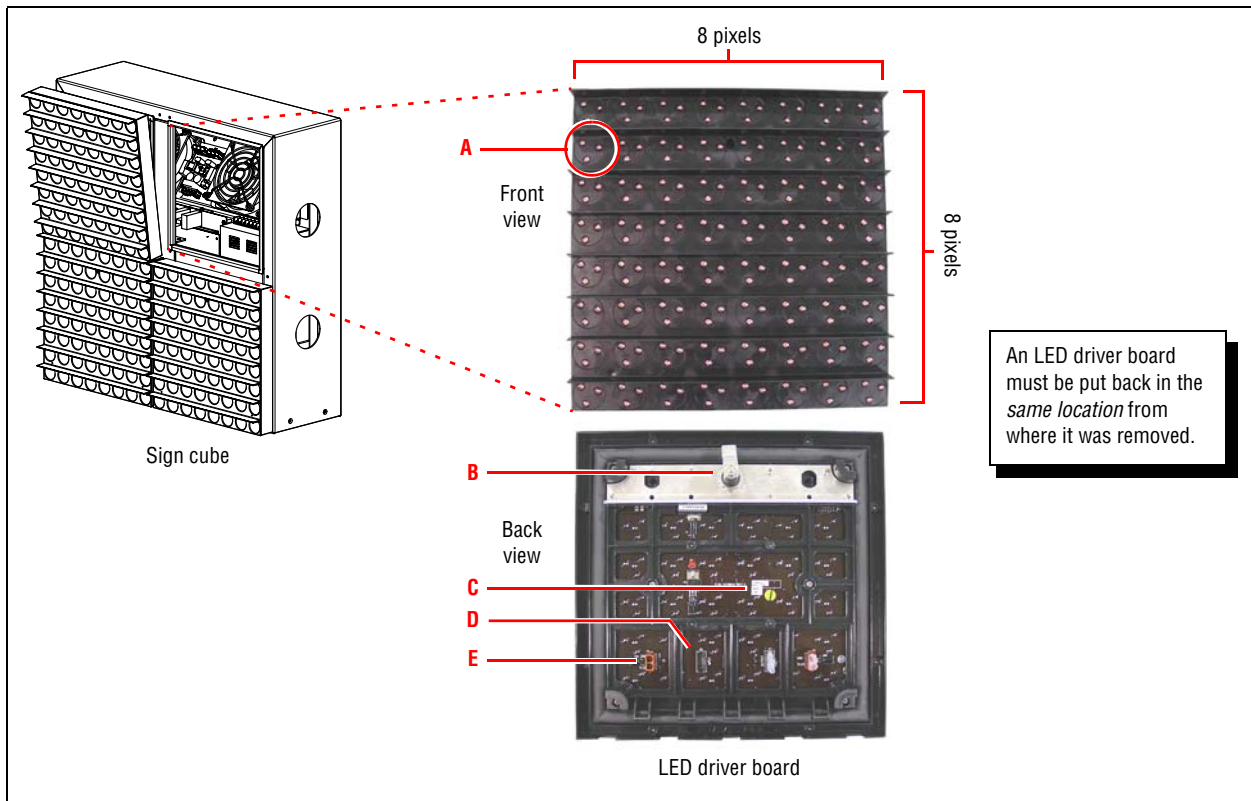


Red LED Driver Board (pn 1180-9016SP)



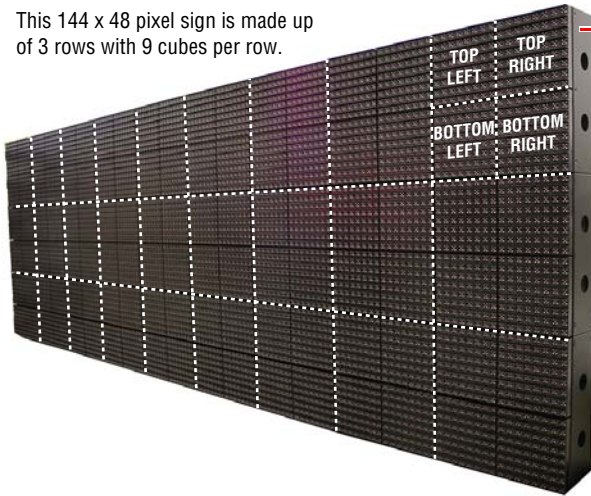
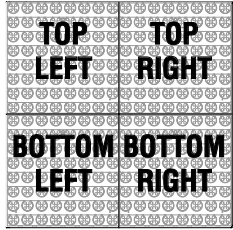
1.1 Description

This board is made up of clusters of LEDs, called pixels, which display the color red. There are four LED boards in each sign cube.



Item	PCB Label	Description
A	—	LED pixel. Each pixel is made up of 3 red LEDs. Each LED driver board is 8 x 8 pixels.
B	—	Latch used to remove or attach the LED driver board to the sign.
C	—	BIN label. See "1.3 Red LED driver board binning label" on page 4.
D	P6 INPUT	Data connector — connects to CHANNEL 1, 2, 3, or 4 on the turbo adapter board in the cube: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TOP LEFT LED driver board connects to CHANNEL 1. See "LED driver board names" on page 2. • TOP RIGHT LED driver board connects to CHANNEL 2. See "LED driver board names" on page 2. • BOTTOM LEFT LED driver board connects to CHANNEL 3. See "LED driver board names" on page 2. • BOTTOM RIGHT LED driver board connects to CHANNEL 4. See "LED driver board names" on page 2.
E	P4	Power connector — connects to TB1, 2, 3, or 4 on the turbo adapter board in the cube: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TOP LEFT LED driver board connects to TB1. See "LED driver board names" on page 2. • TOP RIGHT LED driver board connects to TB2. See "LED driver board names" on page 2. • BOTTOM LEFT LED driver board connects to TB3. See "LED driver board names" on page 2. • BOTTOM RIGHT LED driver board connects to TB4. See "LED driver board names" on page 2.

1.2 Installation

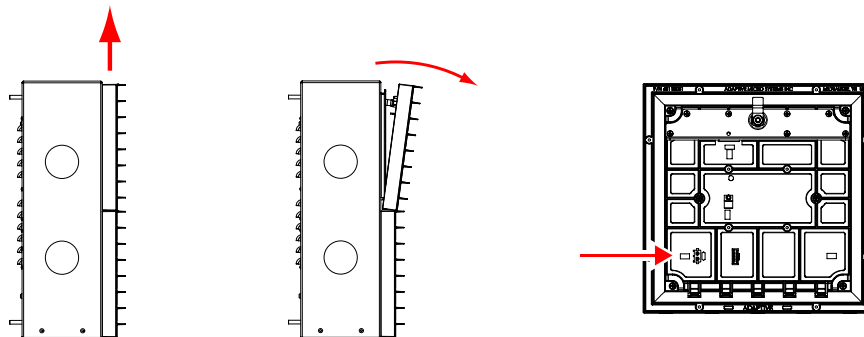
1	<p>Prevent electrostatic discharge (ESD) or “static” damage to the replacement part.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For safe handling of ESD-sensitive parts, see TechMemo #00-0005. 	
2	<p>Remove power from the sign.</p>	
3	<p>Locate the cube that contains the LED driver board which will be replaced.</p> <p>This 144 x 48 pixel sign is made up of 3 rows with 9 cubes per row.</p>	<p>Each cube has 4 LED boards, named as shown:</p>   <p style="text-align: center;">FRONT VIEW LED driver board names</p>

4**Remove the existing LED driver board:**

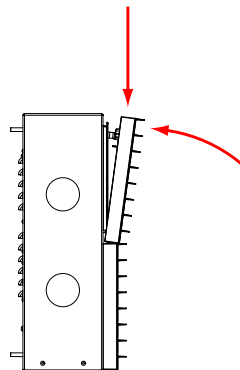
- Insert the 5/32-inch hex tool into the opening near the top of the LED driver board. Turn the tool counterclockwise 180°:



- Lift the board up and pull it back. Then remove the two cables from the back:

**5****Connect the replacement LED driver board to the sign.**


- Reconnect the two cables to the back of the board.
- Place the LED driver board under the opening where the old board was removed.
- Move the board up and then push it down until it snaps into place:



- Insert the 5/32-inch hex tool into the opening near the top of the LED driver board. Turn the tool clockwise 180°.

6**Apply power to the sign.**

1.3 Red LED driver board binning label

Intensity	Intensity (mCd)	Color wavelength (nm)
 <p>Red LED bin label</p>	R = 1500 to 1900 S = 1900 to 2500	—



© Copyright 2003 Adaptive Micro Systems, LLC. All rights reserved.

Adaptive Micro Systems • 7840 North 86th Street • Milwaukee, WI 53224 USA • 414-357-2020 • 414-357-2029 (fax) • <http://www.adaptivedisplays.com>

Trademarked names appear throughout this document. Rather than list the names and entities that own the trademarks or insert a trademark symbol with each mention of the trademarked name, the publisher states that it is using names for editorial purposes and to the benefit of the trademark owner with no intention of improperly using the trademark.

The following are trademarks of Adaptive Micro Systems: Adaptive, Alpha, AlphaLert, AlphaNET, AlphaNet plus, AlphaEclipse, AlphaPremiere, AlphaTicker, AlphaVision, AlphaVision InfoTracker, Automode, BetaBrite, BetaBrite Director, BetaBrite Messaging Software, Big Dot, Director, EZ KEY II, EZ95, PagerNET, PPD, PrintPak, Serial Clock, Smart Alec, Solar, TimeNet. The distinctive trade dress of this product is a trademark claimed by Adaptive Micro Systems, LLC.

Due to continuing product innovation, specifications in this manual are subject to change without notice.

December 29, 2003

9711-8012